

# Coordinate: An Android application to organize samples into grids

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## Software

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## Summary

Efficient and accurate sample organization is one of the most important aspects of modern biological science. Coordinate is an Android application that is used to organize sample identifiers into virtual grids. Sample identifiers are collected via text or barcode into individual cells that are structured in a Cartesian coordinate grid. Grids inherit properties from user-defined templates including their dimensions, row and column naming, metadata fields, and any specific cells to exclude from data entry. Grids are exported as CSV files that are easily integrated into downstream analysis pipelines since metadata fields are user-defined. Grids can also be grouped into projects and exported as a single ZIP file. Coordinate can be further customized with options to change the direction of cell procession for data input, add notification sounds, input random blank cells for quality control, and adjust the level of uniqueness required for incoming sample identifiers. Two default templates are included with Coordinate: DNA Plate and Seed Tray.

Although other tools exist to design grids for activities like tissue collection ([Vollbrecht, n.d.](#)), Coordinate takes a unique approach of “sampling as you go”, which does not assign specific samples to specific cells before the samples are collected. This approach can help to minimize mistakes since matching an identifier is not required before collecting a sample and missing samples do not need to be manually replaced in the sampling interface. Furthermore, the customizability of Coordinate allows it to be adapted to many different use cases or needs.

## Statement of need

Statistical power increases with the number of samples used for analysis, but managing samples at scale requires optimized tools and workflows to minimize mistakes. Organizational errors impede scientific progress and can lead to erroneous results or publication retractions ([Lee et al., 2013](#); [Moloney et al., 2017](#); [Ying et al., 2013](#)). Many life science research activities organize samples into grids and require metadata to be collected for downstream analyses. Coordinate enables robust and customizable grid-based data collection by creating a mobile, virtual grid layout that can be populated as samples are collected. In contrast to unstructured approaches, Coordinate provides standardized data workflows that reduce mistakes and allow for more efficient sample collection.

## Example applications

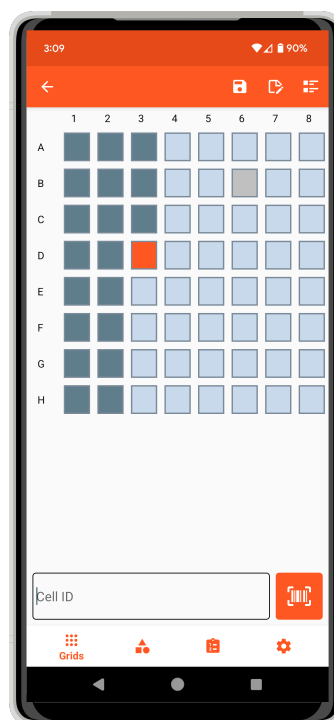
### Tissue collection for genotyping

Collecting and organizing tissue samples is important in genotyping workflows where thousands of samples can be collected and must be individually tracked throughout the genotyping process. Keeping records via writing and transcribing can result in errors that break the linkage between sample identity and genotypic data. The DNA Plate template creates an 8 × 12 virtual plate to track sample identifiers as tissue is collected (Figure 1). Sample IDs can be input via sample barcodes or manually entered. Exported sample lists from the DNA Plate template can be uploaded to compatible databases (Morales et al., 2022).

### Seed organization for planting

Many plant breeding programs utilize progeny-rows, small experimental units that are individually planted with seed derived from a single individual. Wheat breeding progeny-rows rely on short, mechanically planted experimental units, called headrows, for early generation testing. The mechanical planting uses trays which consist of a grid of small cones, each holding a few grams of seed. Breeders plant thousands to tens-of-thousands of headrows each season which requires hundreds of headrow trays. To ensure downstream phenotypic data is collected on the correct plants, headrows must be accurately mapped to their respective field position. The Seed Tray template is used to track seeds as they're organized into 6 × 20 headrow trays. Exported files include the seed identifiers along with the spatial information that is used during the field season for phenotypic data collection.

## Figures



**Figure 1:** A partially-filled grid that was created with the DNA Plate template.

## Additional resources

Documentation for Coordinate is available at <https://coordinate.phenoapps.org>. Coordinate can be downloaded from Google Play at <https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=org.wheat-genetics.coordinate>.

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